

## Supplementary Tables and Figures

**Supplementary Table 1.** Demographic and clinical characteristics of sample (included vs. not included).

	Included n = 326		Not included n = 206		df	x <sup>2</sup> , t, z	p
<b>Centre</b>							
Nottingham	109	(33.4)	94	(45.6)	1	7.96	0.005
London	217	(66.6)	112	(54.4)			
<b>Sex</b>							
Men	182	(55.8)	128	(62.1)	1	2.07	0.151
Women	144	(44.2)	78	(37.9)			
<b>Baseline age</b>							
Mean (years)	29.9		31.9		530	2.22	0.027
sd	9.9		11.7				
<b>Ethnicity</b>							
White British	122	(37.4)	113	(54.9)	5	22.20	<0.001
Other White	23	(7.1)	14	(6.8)			
Black Caribbean	101	(31.0)	34	(16.5)			
Black African	42	(12.9)	25	(12.1)			
Asian (all)	20	(6.1)	6	(2.9)			
Other	18	(5.5)	14	(6.8)			
<b>Baseline diagnosis</b>							
Non-affective	239	(73.3)	148	(71.8)	1	0.14	0.711
Affective	87	(26.7)	58	(28.2)			
<b>DUP*</b>							
Median (weeks)	8.6		8.1		-	-0.09	0.926
IQR	2.1-31.9		2.2-41.5				

\* 23 missing

**Supplementary Table 2.** Associations between baseline sample characteristics and missingness in timeline data.

	Unadj. OR	95% CI	p
<b>Age</b>			
16-29	1.0		
30-65	0.66	0.37 – 1.19	0.167
<b>Sex</b>			
Men	1.0		
Women	0.76	0.42 – 1.37	0.362
<b>Ethnicity</b>			
White British	1.0		
Other White	0.40	0.11 – 1.37	0.142
Black Caribbean	0.70	0.35 – 1.41	0.321
Black African	0.91	0.36 – 2.31	0.847
Asian (all)	1.91	0.57 – 6.39	0.296
Other	0.69	0.18 – 2.64	0.586
<b>Level of education</b>			
Other	1.0		
No qualifications	1.17	0.62 – 2.22	0.635
<b>Social disadvantage</b>			
0, 1	1.0		
2	1.47	0.44 – 4.95	0.534
3	1.16	0.34 – 3.88	0.815
4	0.49	0.14 – 1.69	0.258
Premorbid IQ	0.98	0.95 – 1.02	0.317
<b>Baseline diagnosis</b>			
Non-affective	1.0		
Affective	1.10	0.57 – 2.12	0.783
DUP*	0.997	0.993 to 1.001	0.074
<b>Mode of onset</b>			
Acute	1.0		
Insidious	0.85	0.46 – 1.57	0.608

\* 23 missing

**Supplementary Table 3.** Model fit of Growth Mixture Model (GMM) without random intercept and slopes for number of months psychotic per year (n=326)

Model	Classes	LL	BIC	Entropy	LMRT		BLRT		Proportion of individuals in class														
					2LL	p	2LL	P	1	2	3	4	5	6									
Linear GMM																							
Model 2.1.1	1	-8371.97	16813.38						1.00														
Model 2.1.2	2	-6739.31	13565.43	.99	3087.47	.003		<.001	.62	.38													
Model 2.1.3	3	-6407.97	12920.10	.98	626.60	.166		<.001	.57	.09	.34												
Model 2.1.4	4	-6220.97	12563.47	.97	353.62	.196		<.001	.07	.29	.56	.08											
Model 2.1.5	5	-6116.44	12371.76	.96	197.68	.426		<.001	.51	.08	.07	.06	.28										
Model 2.1.6	6	-6020.17	12196.60	.96	199.84	.256		(<.001)	.28	.02	.07	.07	.51	.05									
Quadratic GMM																							
Model 2.2.1	1	-8367.75	16810.73						1.00														
Model 2.2.2	2	-6694.94	13488.25	.99	3207.07	.002		<.001	.37	.63													
Model 2.2.3	3	-6377.33	12876.19	.98	608.90	.213		<.001	.07	.58	.34												
Model 2.2.4	4	-6187.63	12519.92	.98	363.70	.108		<.001	.08	.28	.56	.07											
Model 2.2.5	5	-6075.66	12319.13	.97	214.66	.492		<.001	.29	.53	.05	.06	.06										
Model 2.2.6	6	-5976.25	12143.47	.96	190.33	.266		(<.001)	.04	.06	.28	.06	.48	.07									
Cubic GMM																							
Model 2.3.1	1	-8361.12	16803.25						1.000														
Model 2.3.2	2	-6674.01	13457.98	.99	3261.48	.002		<.001	.627	.373													
Model 2.3.3	3	-6354.17	12847.22	.98	618.33	.539		<.001	.57	.34	.09												
Model 2.3.4	4	-6131.21	12430.24	.98	417.26	.316		<.001	.08	.28	.57	.07											
Model 2.3.5	5	-6027.36	12251.48	.96	200.75	.313		<.001	.06	.29	.07	.52	.06										
Model 2.3.6	6	-5941.42	12108.54	.98	189.97	.175		<.001	.55	.04	.06	.03	.29	.04									

LL, Log-Likelihood; BIC, Bayesian Information Criterion; LMRT, Lo-Mendell-Rubin Likelihood Ratio Test; BLRT, Bootstrapped Likelihood Ratio Test

**Supplementary Table 4.** Model fit of Growth Mixture Models (GMM) for number of months psychotic per year (n 326).

Model	Classes	LL	BIC	Entropy	LMRT		BLRT		Proportion of individuals in class										
					2LL	p	2LL	P	1	2	3	4	5	6					
<b>Linear GMM</b>																			
Model 1.1.1	1	-6530.08	13146.96						1.000										
Model 1.1.2	2	-6270.14	12644.45	.97	491.56	.020	519.87	<.001	.642	.358									
Model 1.1.3	3	-6196.27	12514.06	.96	139.70	.276	147.75	<.001	.353	.606	.041								
Model 1.1.4	4	-6115.33	12369.54	.97	145.32	.198	153.69	<.001	.072	.314	.049	.565							
Model 1.1.5	5	-6056.24	12268.72	.96	111.75	.384	118.18	<.001	.534	.046	.068	.311	.041						
Model 1.1.6 <sup>a</sup>	6	-6005.30	12184.20	.97	96.34	.215	101.88	<.001	.516	.041	.067	.055	.049	.273					
<b>Quadratic GMM</b>																			
Model 1.2.1	1	-6457.11	13024.16						1.000										
<b>Model 1.2.2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>-6173.63</b>	<b>12480.35</b>	<b>.97</b>	<b>543.48</b>	<b>.005</b>	<b>566.96</b>	<b>&lt;.001</b>	<b>.642</b>	<b>.358</b>									
Model 1.2.3	3	-6115.21	12386.66	.98	112.00	.295	116.84	<.001	.570	.075	.355								
<b>Model 1.2.4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-6009.52</b>	<b>12198.43</b>	<b>.98</b>	<b>159.00</b>	<b>.240</b>	<b>165.87</b>	<b>&lt;.001</b>	<b>.585</b>	<b>.056</b>	<b>.054</b>	<b>.306</b>							
Model 1.2.5	5	-5941.95	12086.44	.96	129.54	.289	134.76	<.001	.053	.548	.041	.051	.306						
Model 1.2.6 <sup>a</sup>	6	-5898.25	12022.20	.96	83.77	.308	87.39	<.001	.046	.052	.040	.307	.512	.043					
<b>Cubic GMM</b>																			
Model 1.3.1 <sup>a</sup>	1	-6387.79	12914.46						1.000										

LL, Log-Likelihood; BIC, Bayesian Information Criterion; LMRT, Lo-Mendell-Rubin Likelihood Ratio Test; BLRT, Bootstrapped Likelihood Ratio Test

<sup>a</sup> Residual covariance matrix and first-order derivative product matrix not positive definite for this and all subsequent models with a higher number of classes

**Supplementary Table 5.** Estimated and observed means of two-class quadratic Growth Mixture Model (GMM) with random intercepts and slopes.

Year	2-class quadratic GMM			
	Class 1		Class 2	
	Estimated	Observed	Estimated	Observed
1	3.60	5.16	10.32	9.93
2	2.94	2.51	10.28	10.03
3	2.35	1.69	10.50	10.16
4	1.84	1.49	10.59	10.32
5	1.41	1.41	10.53	10.51
6	1.06	1.39	10.78	10.73
7	0.79	1.43	11.05	10.97
8	0.59	0.82	11.69	11.25
9	0.47	0.57	11.39	11.55
10	0.43	0.41	11.82	11.88

**Supplementary Table 6.** Estimated and observed means of four-class quadratic Growth Mixture Model (GMM) with random intercepts and slopes.

4-class quadratic GMM <sup>a</sup>								
Year	Class 1		Class 2		Class 3		Class 4	
	Estimated	Observed	Estimated	Observed	Estimated	Observed	Estimated	Observed
1	3.04	4.66	6.26	6.22	10.72	11.34	10.53	10.75
2	2.25	1.88	4.86	4.07	11.14	10.55	10.87	10.88
3	1.58	0.99	3.96	3.78	11.15	10.47	11.16	11.15
4	1.04	0.78	3.54	4.20	10.77	10.17	11.41	11.41
5	0.63	0.43	3.61	2.87	9.98	11.08	11.62	11.60
6	0.34	0.59	4.17	3.36	8.80	9.52	11.78	11.91
7	0.19	0.82	5.22	4.35	7.22	7.48	11.90	12.00
8	0.16	0.44	6.76	9.69	5.25	4.33	11.97	11.95
9	0.26	0.44	8.78	8.53	2.87	1.73	12.00	11.82
10	0.48	0.41	11.30	10.91	0.09	0.44	11.99	12.00

<sup>a</sup> Average latent class probabilities for most likely latent class membership:

Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4
0.991	0.996	1.00	0.986

**Supplementary Table 7.** Baseline socio-demographic and clinical characteristics by latent trajectories, descriptive data.

	Remitting row n (row %)		Late decline row n (row %)		Late improvement row n (row %)		Persistent row n (row %)	
Study centre								
London	<b>119</b>	<b>(54.8)</b>	11	(5.1)	<b>12</b>	<b>(5.5)</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>(34.6)</b>
Nottingham	<b>73</b>	<b>(67.0)</b>	6	(5.5)	<b>4</b>	<b>(3.7)</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>(23.9)</b>
Sex								
Men	98	(53.9)	<b>8</b>	<b>(4.4)</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>(6.0)</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>(35.7)</b>
Women	94	(65.3)	<b>9</b>	<b>(6.3)</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>(3.5)</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>(25.0)</b>
Age								
Mean	29.7		29.2		28.3		30.6	
SD	10.0		7.2		8.3		10.3	
Ethnicity								
White British	<b>80</b>	<b>(65.6)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>(3.3)</b>	7	(5.7)	<b>31</b>	<b>(25.4)</b>
Other White	12	(52.2)	2	(8.7)	1	(4.4)	8	(34.8)
Black Caribbean	<b>47</b>	<b>(46.5)</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>(6.9)</b>	6	(5.9)	<b>41</b>	<b>(40.6)</b>
Black African	26	(61.9)	3	(7.1)	2	(4.8)	11	(26.2)
Asian	13	(65.0)	0	-	0	-	7	(35.0)
Other	14	(77.8)	1	(5.6)	0	-	3	(16.7)
Education^								
University	29	(15.8)	1	(6.3)	1	(6.3)	4	(4.1)
Further	50	(27.2)	6	(37.5)	4	(25.0)	31	(32.0)
GCSE	51	(27.7)	5	(31.3)	2	(12.5)	26	(26.8)
School	54	(29.4)	4	(25.0)	9	(56.3)	36	(37.1)
Social disadvantage*								
0, 1	<b>44</b>	<b>(75.9)</b>	2	(3.5)	2	(3.5)	<b>10</b>	<b>(17.2)</b>
2	42	(60.0)	1	(1.4)	3	(4.3)	24	(34.3)

	Remitting row n (row %)		Late decline row n (row %)		Late improvement row n (row %)		Persistent row n (row %)	
3	41	(58.8)	5	(7.0)	2	(2.8)	23	(32.4)
4	<b>28</b>	<b>(45.9)</b>	5	(8.2)	6	(9.8)	<b>22</b>	<b>(36.1)</b>
Substance Use†								
Non-problematic use	100	(56.8)	12	(80.0)	4	(25.0)	48	(51.6)
Abuse	36	(20.5)	2	(13.3)	3	(18.8)	25	(26.9)
Dependence	40	(22.7)	1	(6.7)	9	(56.3)	20	(21.5)
Diagnosis								
Non-affective	121	(50.6)	15	(6.3)	11	(4.6)	92	(38.4)
Affective	71	(81.6)	<b>2</b>	<b>(2.3)</b>	5	(5.8)	9	(10.3)
DUP (weeks)**								
Median	<b>5.9</b>		<b>9.9</b>		<b>4.3</b>		<b>17.4</b>	
IQR	<b>2-25</b>		<b>1-21</b>		<b>3-22</b>		<b>5-87</b>	
Premorbid IQ (quartiles)‡								
1st (highest)	27	(33.3)	0	(0.0)	1	(11.1)	4	(9.8)
2nd	19	(23.5)	2	(33.3)	2	(22.2)	10	(24.4)
3rd	19	(23.5)	2	(33.3)	2	(22.2)	15	(36.6)
4th (lowest)	16	(19.8)	2	(33.3)	4	(44.4)	12	(29.3)

Note: Class 1: Remitting: course characterised by remitting periods of symptoms, which became shorter and less frequent over time; Class 2: Late decline: course characterised, initially, by remitting periods of symptoms, with more persistent symptoms over time; Class 3: Late improvement: course characterised, initially, by persistent symptoms, with remitting periods of symptoms later; Class 4: Persistent: a course characterised by persistent or long periods of symptoms throughout.

^ 13 missing

\* 62 missing

† 26 missing

\*\* 24 missing

‡ 189 missing



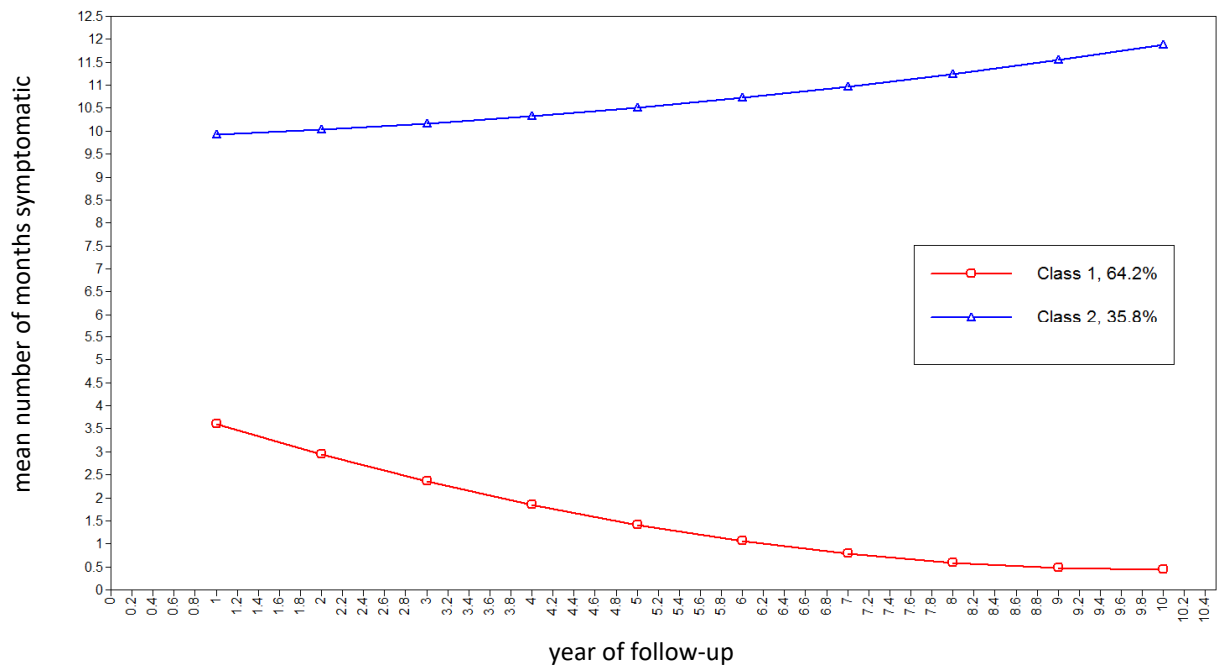
**Supplementary Table 8.** Latent trajectories and treatment resistance.\*

Trajectories	Responder n (%)		Never adequate treatment n (%)		Treatment resistant, at onset n (%)		Treatment resistant, late n (%)	
1 Remitting	130	(86.1)	6	(85.7)	6	(13.0)	5	(45.5)
2 Late decline	6	(4.0)	0	(0.0)	1	(2.2)	4	(36.4)
3 Late improve	12	(8.0)	0	(0.0)	3	(6.5)	0	(0.0)
4 Continuous	3	(2.0)	1	(14.3)	36	(78.3)	2	(18.2)

Note 1: Class 1: Remitting: course characterised by remitting periods of symptoms, which became shorter and less frequent over time; Class 2: Late decline: course characterised, initially, by remitting periods of symptoms, with more persistent symptoms over time; Class 3: Late improvement: course characterised, initially, by persistent symptoms, with remitting periods of symptoms later; Class 4: Persistent: a course characterised by persistent or long periods of symptoms throughout.

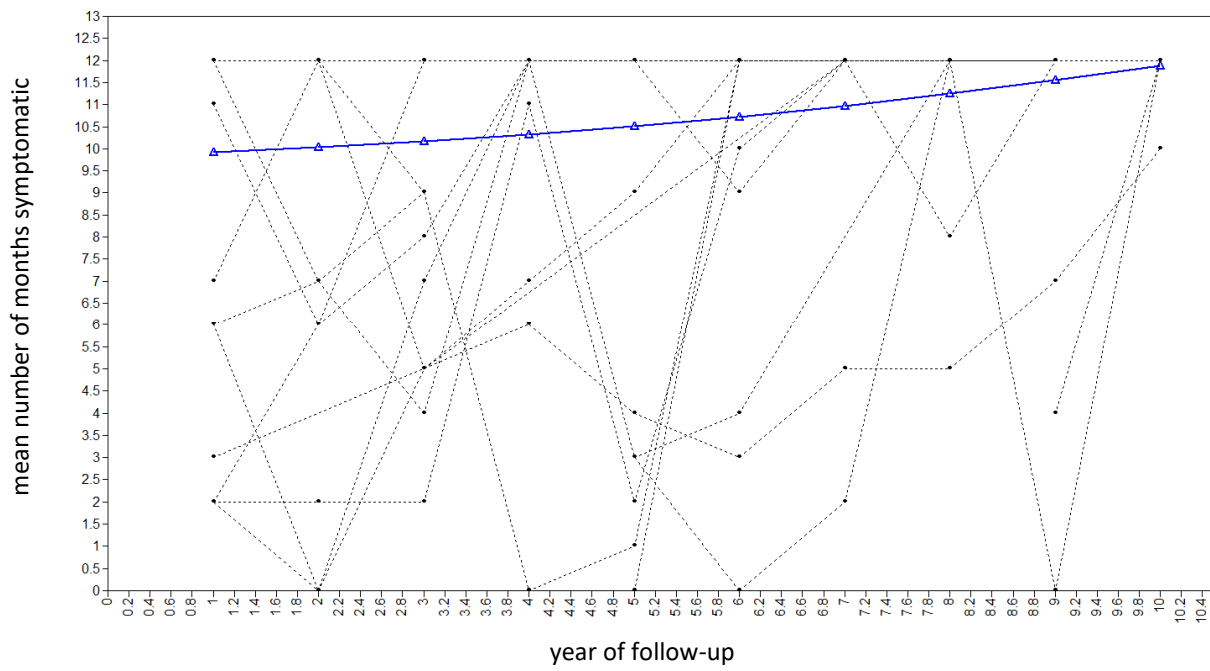
Note 2: Given that many cells have 0 or a small number of observations, and patterns of overlap between trajectories and other course and outcome variables are clear, test statistics were not calculated.

\* missing, n 111

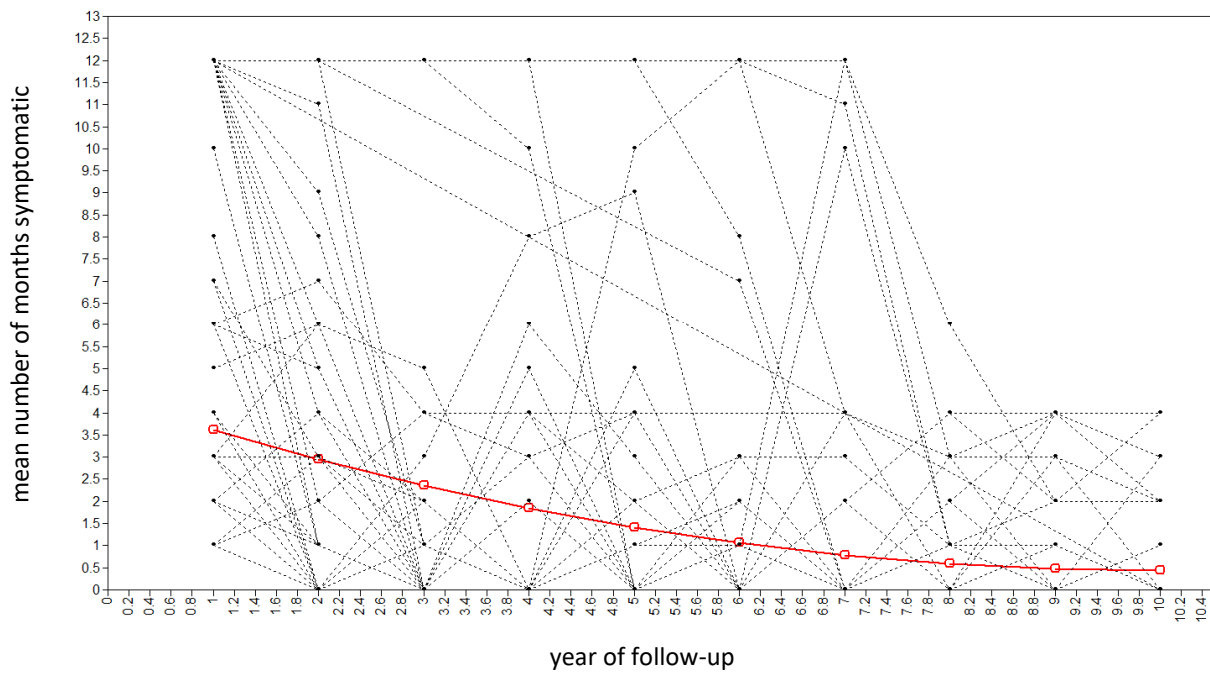


**Supplementary Figure 1.** Estimated latent trajectories of 2-class quadratic GMM (Model 2.2.2, see Table 1) for number of months psychotic per year (n=326)

Trajectory 1



Trajectory 2



**Supplementary Figure 2.** Estimated means and observed values of 2-class quadratic GMM in randomly selected 100 subjects (Model 2.2.2, see Table 1) for number of months psychotic per year (n=326)