

Supplementary Data

Magnetic shepherding of nanocatalysts through hierarchically-assembled Fe-filled CNTs hybrids

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Figures and tables

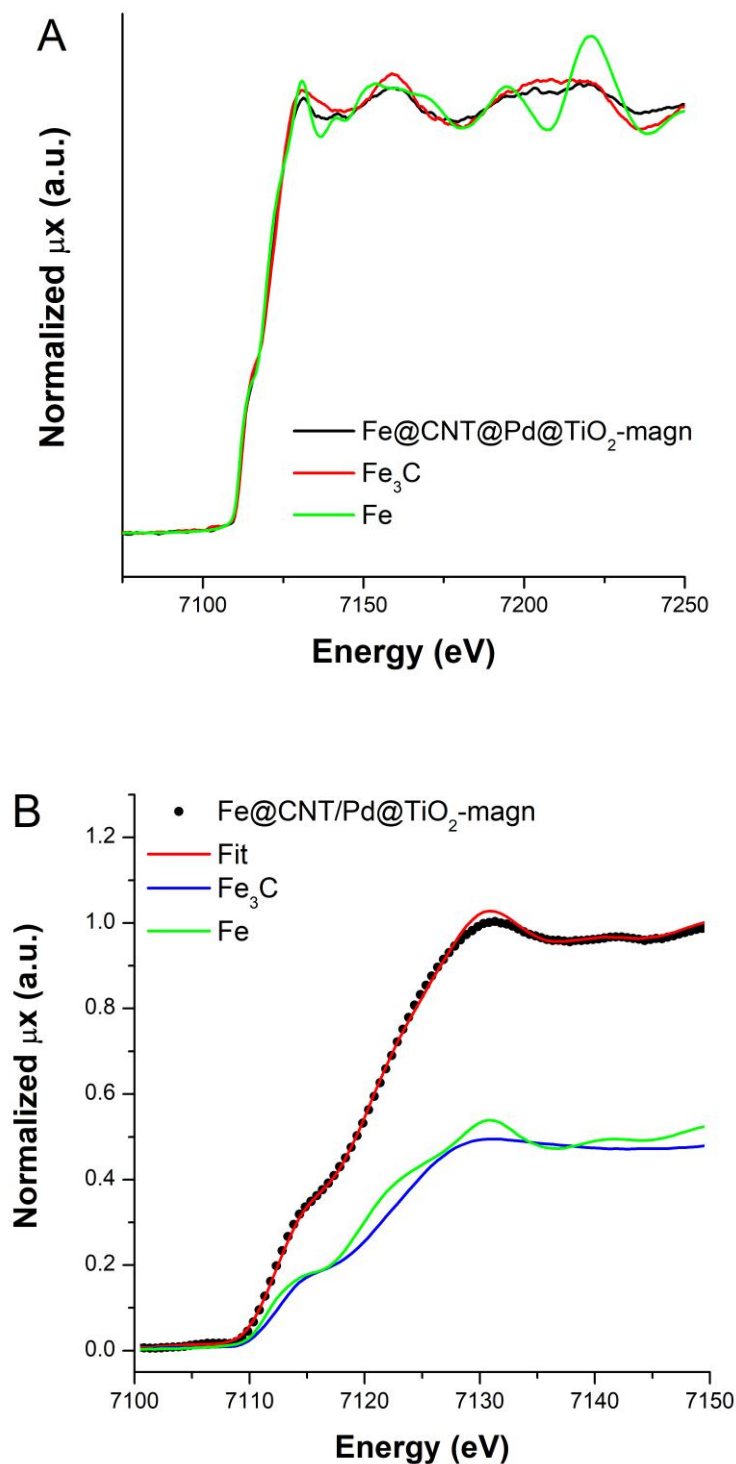


Figure S1: (A) Comparison of the XANES spectra of Fe@CNT@Pd@TiO₂-magn after treatment in H₂/Ar at 450 °C with those of the standard Fe₃C and metallic Fe; (B) Results from linear combination fitting of the XANES spectrum of Fe@CNT@Pd@TiO₂-magn after treatment in H₂/Ar at 450 °C.

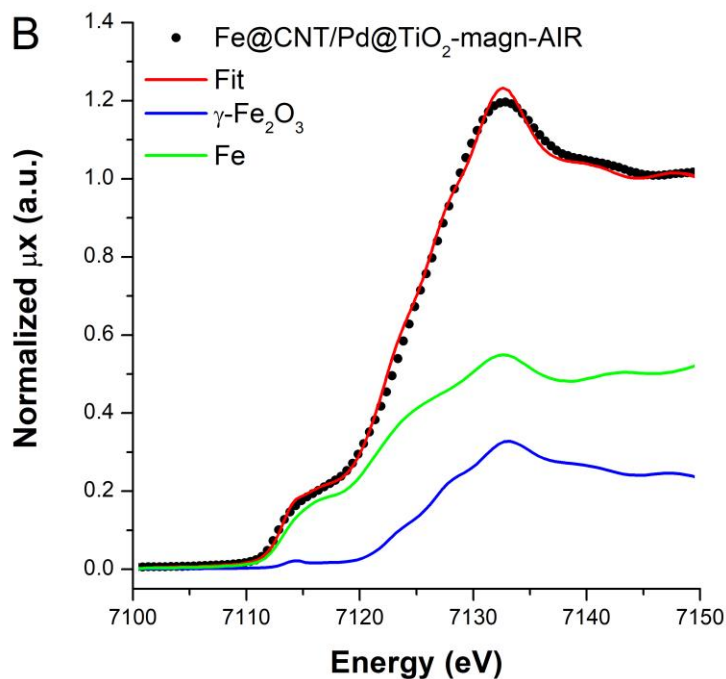
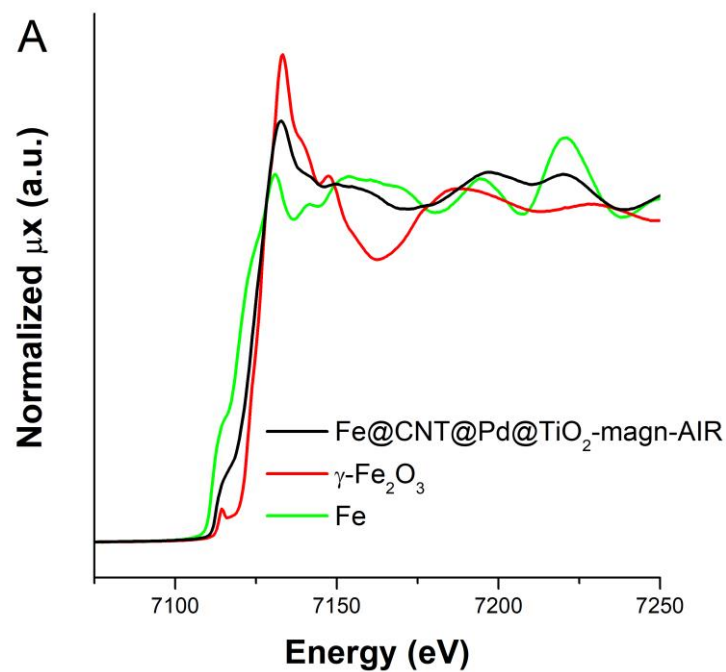


Figure S2: (A) Comparison of the XANES spectra of Fe@CNT@Pd@TiO₂-magn after treatment in air at 450 °C with those of the standard Fe₃C and metallic Fe; (B) Results from linear combination fitting of the XANES spectrum of Fe@CNT@Pd@TiO₂-magn after treatment in air at 450 °C.

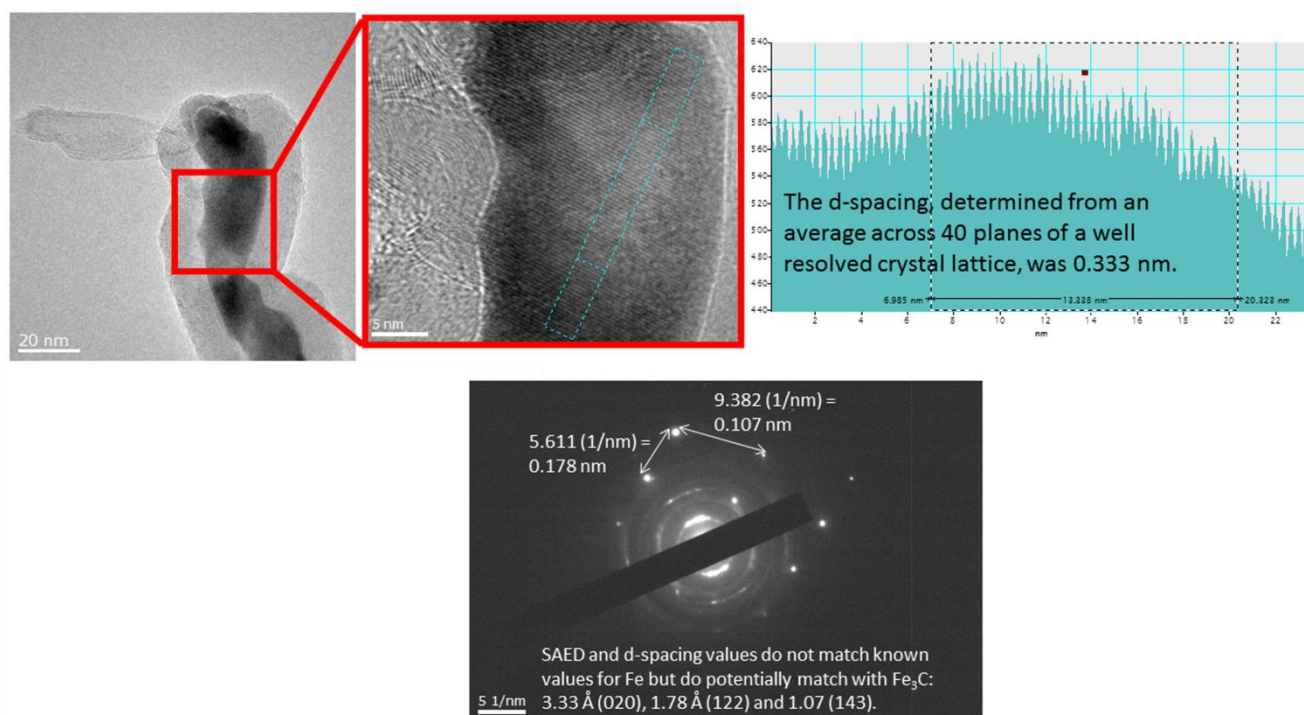


Figure S3: HR-TEM and SAED analysis of the Fe@CNTs precursor evidencing the presence of Fe_3C as main component.

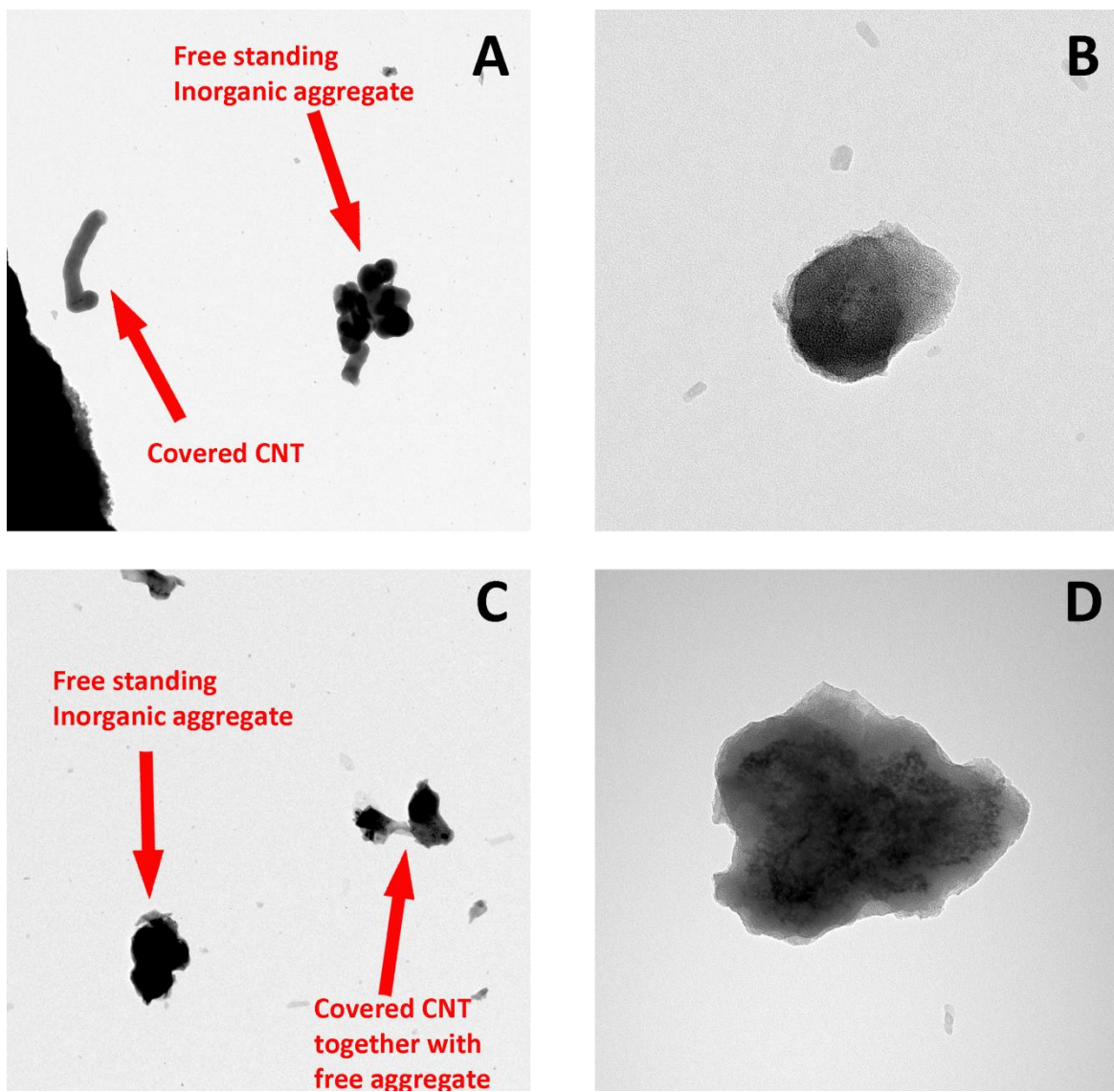


Figure S4: A) and C) Representative TEM images of Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-filtr as prepared showing both the covered CNTs and free standing aggregates made of Pd@TiO₂. B) and D) Typical higher magnification of free standing aggregates clearly indicating absence of the CNT core.

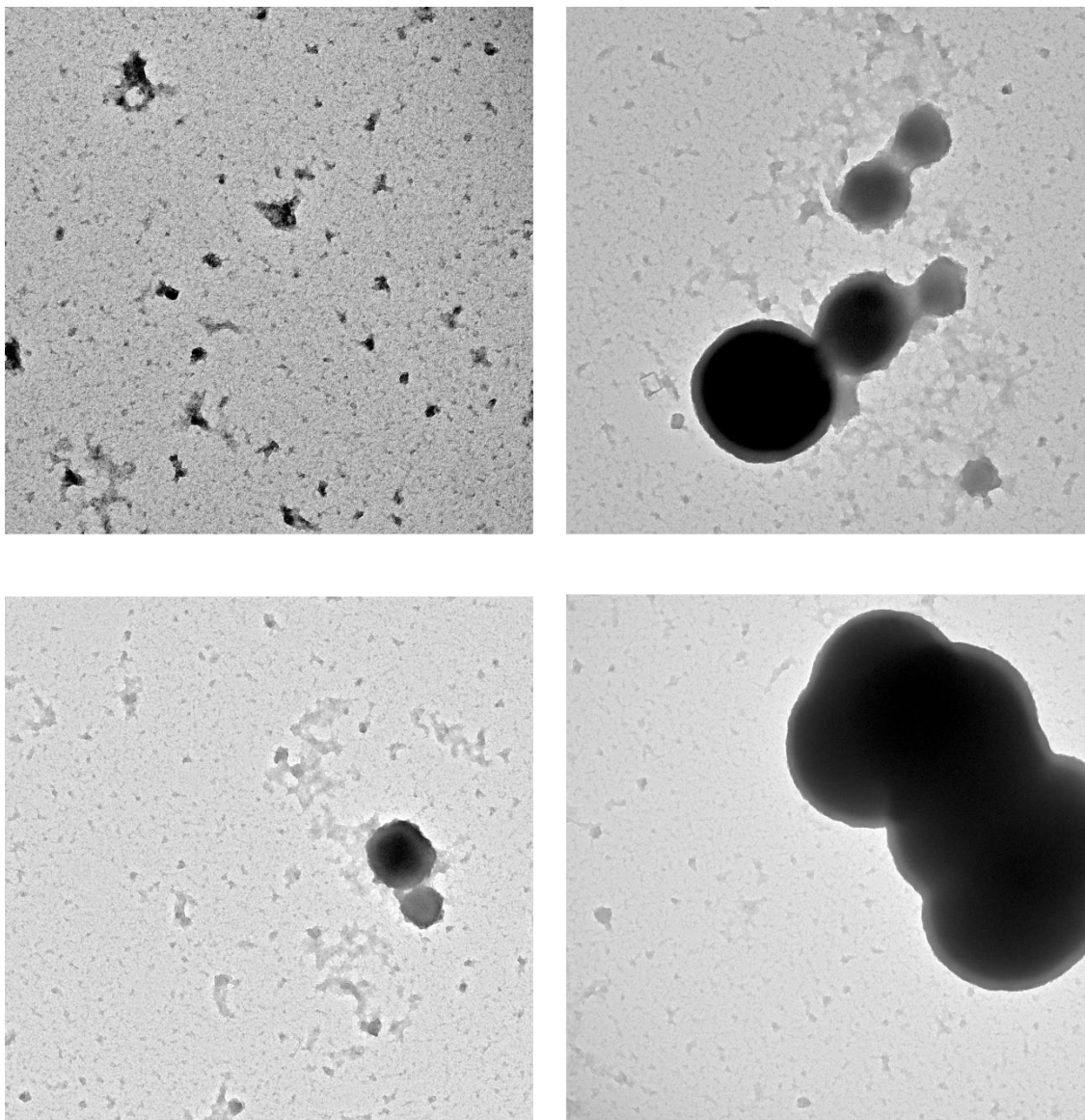


Figure S5: Representative TEM images of the magnetically separated liquid phase of Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-filt at different magnifications, showing a large population of free standing aggregates of titania.

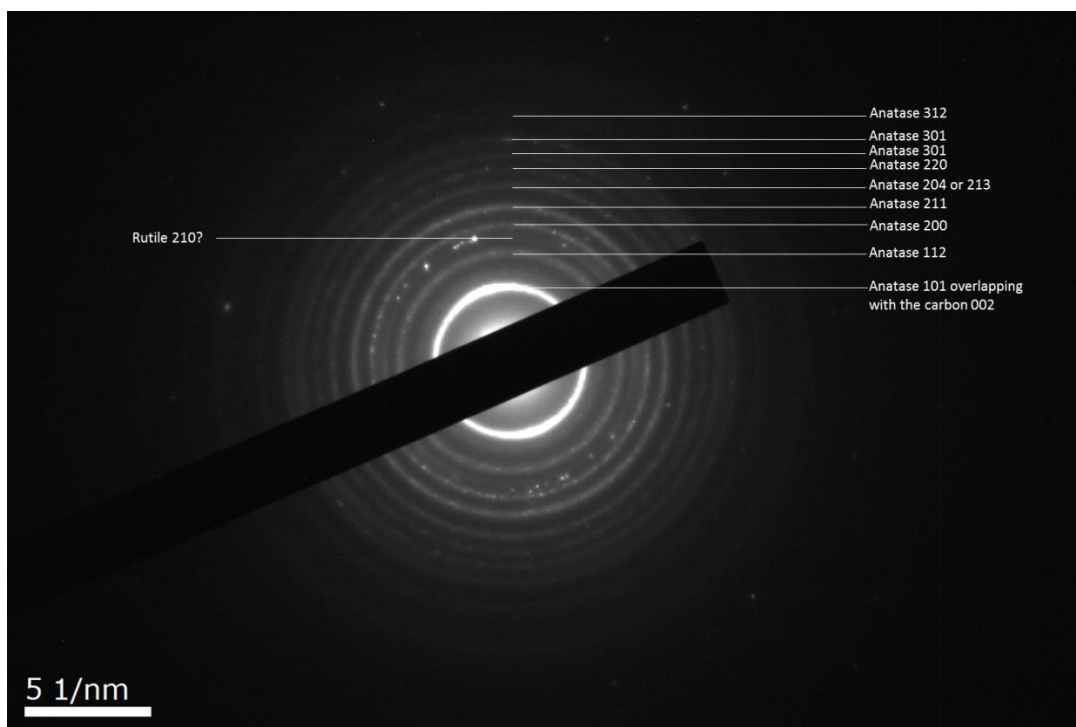


Figure S6: Fast Fourier Transform of Fe@CNTs/Pd/TiO₂-magn after thermal treatment indicating that the titania is mostly in the anatase phase.

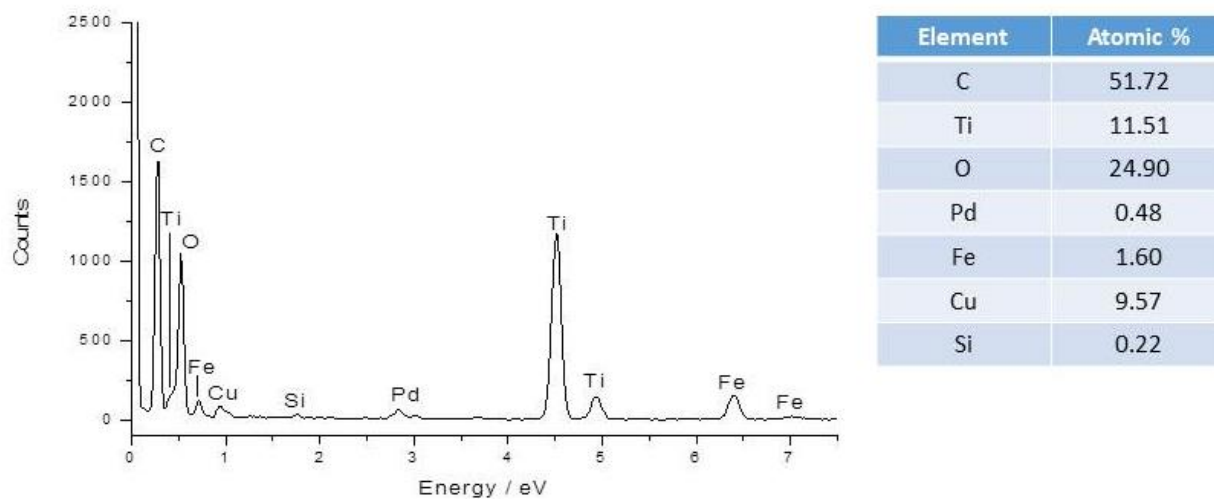


Figure S7: EDX spectrum of Fe@CNTs/Pd/TiO₂-magn after thermal treatment and corresponding table with atomic %. The Cu and Si signals are contributions from the TEM grid.

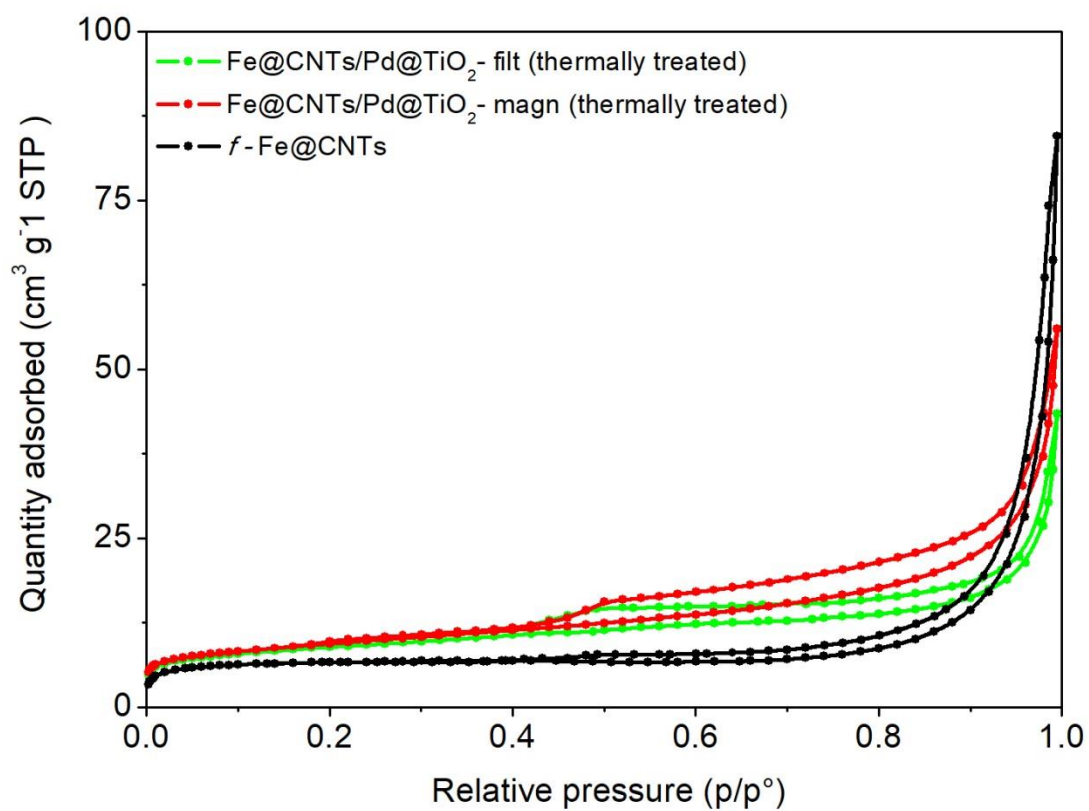


Figure S8: N₂ physisorption isotherms of Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-filt and Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-magn thermally treated and *f*-Fe@CNTs

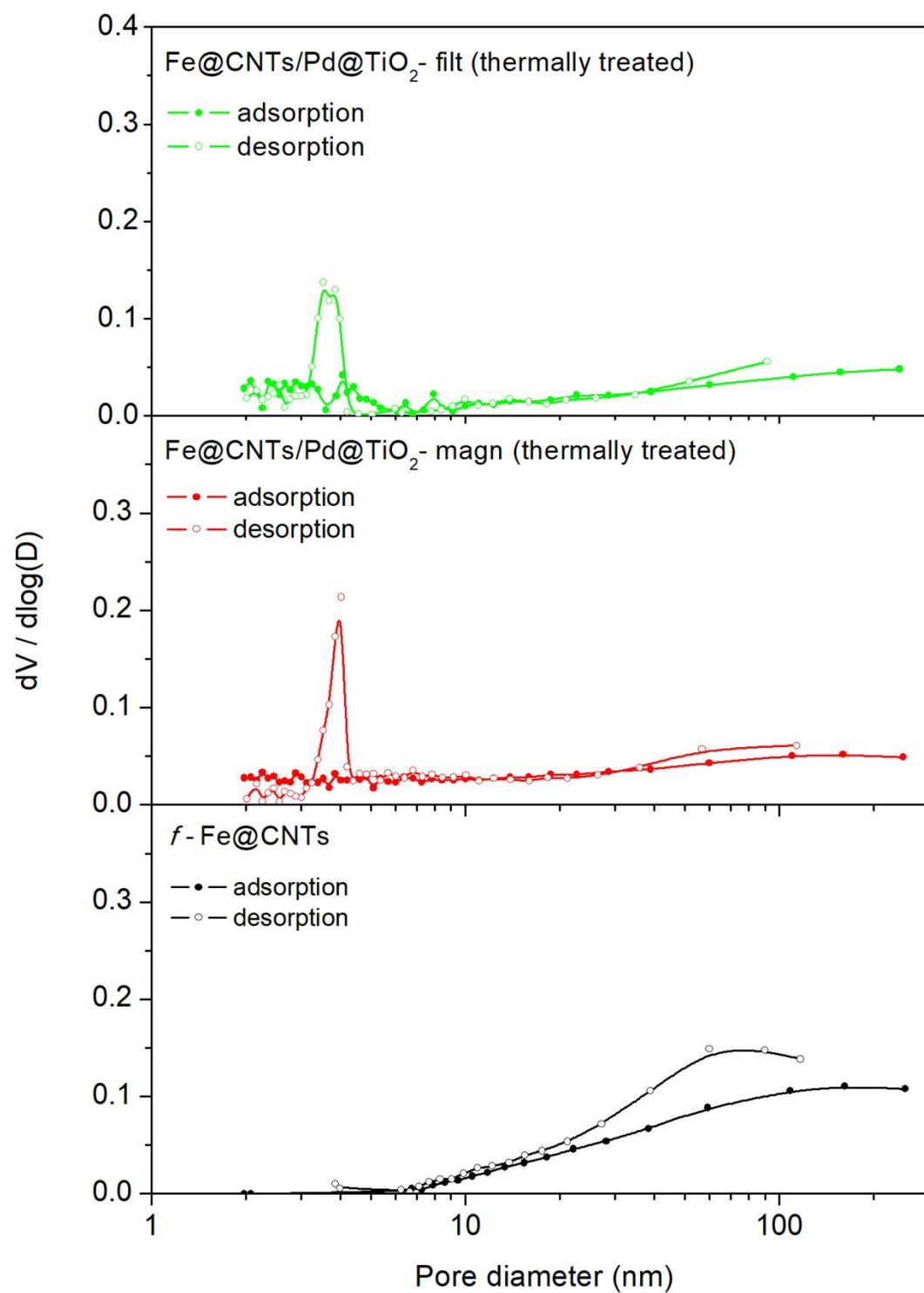


Figure S9: Pore size distribution of Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-filt and Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-magn thermally treated and *f*-Fe@CNTs.

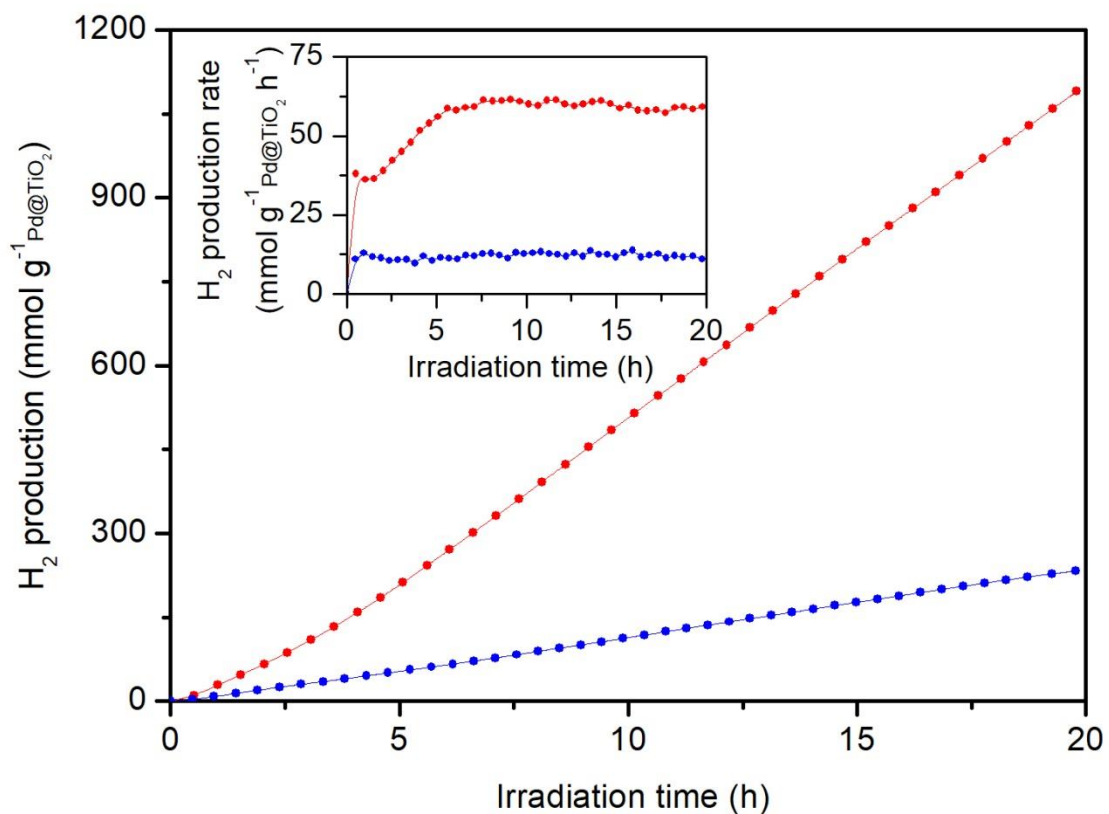


Figure S10: Fe@CNTs/Pd@TiO₂-magn as prepared (blue) and thermally treated (red) photocatalytic hydrogen production from ethanol/water solutions under UV irradiation. Activities are normalized by g of Pd@TiO₂. Inset: H₂ evolution rates.

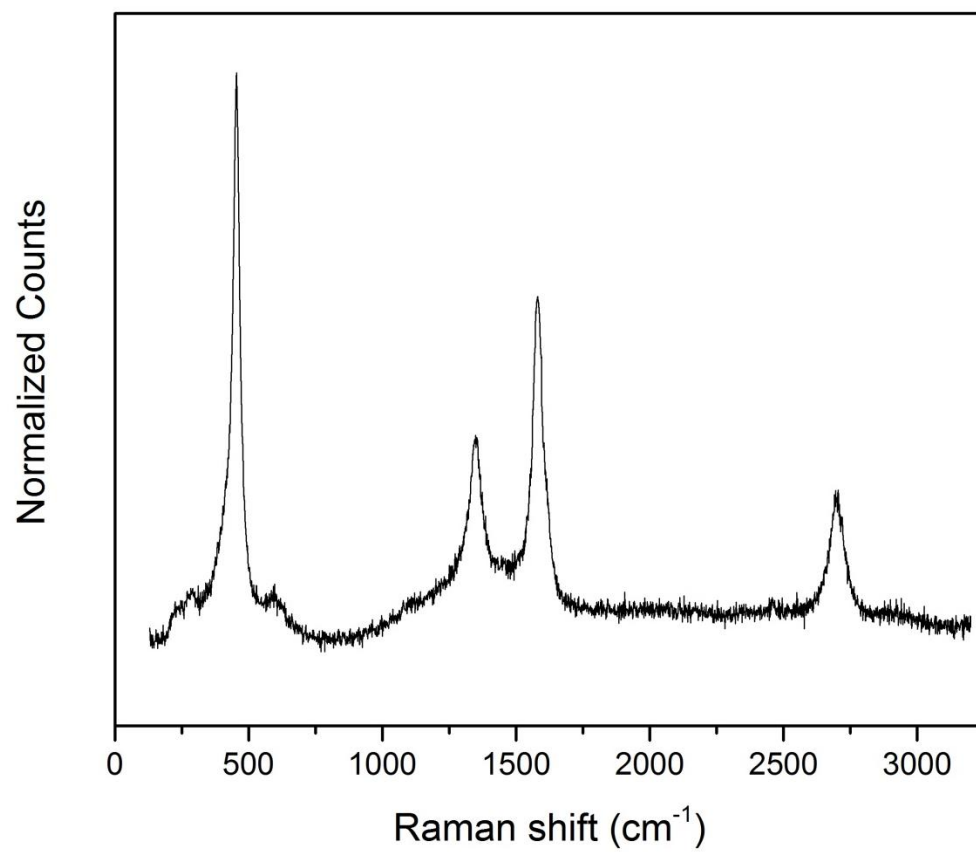


Figure S11: Raman spectrum of Fe@CNTs/Pd@CeO₂-magn after thermal treatment.