S1: Search terms and the search strategy

Medline, Embase and PsycInfo (30/03/2021): (tobacco or nicotine or cigar* or e-cig* or "electronic media" or multi-media) and campaign*) or media) and campaign*) or campaign*) and messag*) or health) and messag*) or health) and campaign*) or "social marketing") and campaign*) or "social marketing") and messag*) or broadcast*) and campaign*) or televis*) and campaign*) or TV) and campaign*) or film*) and campaign*) or radio) and campaign*) or advert*) and campaign*) or internet) and campaign*) or online) and campaign*) or email*) and campaign*) or website*) and campaign*) or digital*) and campaign*) or "social media") and campaign*) or Facebook) and campaign*) or Twitter) and campaign*) or Instagram) and campaign*) or TikTok) and campaign*) or phon*) and campaign*) or app*) and campaign*) or newspaper*) and campaign*) or magazine*) and campaign*) or leaflet*) and campaign*) or booklet*) and campaign*) or billboard*) and campaign*) or poster*) and campaign*).af. AND ((((((((mental adj2 illness*) or "psychiatric illness*").af. or mental.mp.) adj2 health.af.) or mental.mp.) adj2 condition*.af.) or mental.mp.) adj2 disorder*.af.) or "psychiatric disorder*".af. or "psychiatric disease*".af. or anxi*.af. or depress*.af. or "obsessive compulsive disorder".af. or OCD.af. or "bipolar disorder".af. or "manic depress*".af. or schizophreni*.af. or psycho*.af. or paranoi*.af. or "personality disorder".af. or "attention deficit hyperactivity disorder".af, or ADHD.af, or "post traumatic stress disorder".af, or PTSD.af, or eating.mp.) adj1 disorder*.af.) or anorexi*.af. or bulimi*.af. or "binge eating disorder".af. or BED.af. or "panic attack*".af. or "panic disorder".af. or phobi*.af. (limit to English language and humans)

Web of Science (30/03/2021): (tobacco or nicotine or cigar* or e-cig* or "electronic cigarette" or media) and campaign*) or media) and campaign*) or campaign*) and messag*) or health) and messag*) or health) and campaign*) or "social marketing") and campaign*) or "social marketing") and messag*) or broadcast*) and campaign*) or televis*) and campaign*) or TV) and campaign*) or film*) and campaign*) or radio) and campaign*) or advert*) and campaign*) or internet) and campaign*) or online) and campaign*) or email*) and campaign*) or website*) and campaign*) or digital*) and campaign) or "social media") and campaign*) or Facebook) and campaign*) or Twitter) and campaign*) or Instagram) and campaign*) or TikTok) and campaign*) or phon*) and campaign*) or app*) and campaign*) or newspaper*) and campaign*) or magazine*) and campaign*) or leaflet*) and campaign*) or booklet*) and campaign*) or billboard*) and campaign*) or poster*) and campaign*) AND TS=(mental NEAR/2 illness*) OR TS=("psychiatric illness*") OR TS=(mental NEAR/2 health) OR TS=(mental NEAR/2 condition*) OR TS=(mental NEAR/2 disorder*) OR TS=("psychiatric disorder*") OR TS=("psychiatric disease*") OR TS=(anxi*) OR TS=(despress*) OR TS=("obsessive compulsive disorder") OR TS=(OCD) OR TS=("bipolar disorder") OR TS=("manic depress*") OR TS=(schizopreni*) OR TS=(psycho*) OR TS=(paranoi*) OR TS=("personality disorder") OR TS=("attention deficit hyperactivity disorder") OR TS=(ADHD) OR TS=("post traumatic stress disorder") OR TS=(PTSD) OR TS=(eating NEAR/1 disorder*) OR TS=(anorexi*) OR TS=(bulimi*) OR TS=("binge eating disorder") OR TS=(BED) OR TS=("panic attack*") OR TS=("panic disorder") OR TS=(phobi*) (limit to English language)

campaign*) or Instagram) and campaign*) or TikTok) and campaign*) or phon*) and campaign*) or app*) and campaign*) or newspaper*) and campaign*) or magazine*) and campaign*) or leaflet*) and campaign*) or booklet*) and campaign*) or billboard*) and campaign*) or poster*) and campaign*) AND ((((((((((mental N2 illness*) or "psychiatric illness*") or mental) N2 health) or mental) N2 condition*) or mental) N2 disorder*) or "psychiatric disorder*" or "psychiatric disease*" or anxi* or depress* or "obsessive compulsive disorder" or OCD or "bipolar disorder" or "manic depress*" or schizophreni* or psycho* or paranoi* or "personality disorder" or "attention deficit hyperactivity disorder" or ADHD or "post traumatic stress disorder" or PTSD or eating) N1 disorder*) or anorexi* or bulimi* or "binge eating disorder" or BED or "panic attack*" or "panic disorder" or phobi* (limit to English language)

Cochrane trials only and Cochrane reviews only (31/03/2021): tobacco OR nicotine OR cigar* OR ecig* OR "electronic cigarette" OR smok* OR vap* AND "mass media" OR multi-media AND campaign* OR media AND campaign* OR campaign* AND messag* OR health AND messag* OR health AND campaign* OR "social marketing" AND campaign* OR "social marketing" AND messag* OR broadcast* AND campaign* OR televis* AND campaign* OR TV AND campaign* OR film* AND campaign* OR radio AND campaign* OR advert* AND campaign* OR internet AND campaign* OR online AND campaign* OR email* AND campaign* OR website* AND campaign* OR digital* AND campaign* OR "social media" AND campaign* OR Facebook AND campaign* OR Twitter AND campaign* OR Instagram AND campaign* OR TikTok AND campaign* OR phon* AND campaign* OR app* AND campaign* OR newspaper* AND campaign* OR magazine* AND campaign* OR leaflet* AND campaign* OR booklet* AND campaign* OR billboard* AND campaign* OR poster* AND campaign* AND mental NEAR/2 illness* OR "psychiatric illness*" OR mental NEAR/2 health OR mental NEAR/2 condition* OR mental NEAR/2 disorder* OR "psychiatric disorder*" OR "psychiatric disease*" OR anxi* OR depress* OR "obsessive compulsive disorder" OR OCD OR "bipolar disorder" OR "manic depress*" OR schizophreni* OR psycho* OR paranoi* OR "personality disorder" OR "attention deficit hyperactivity disorder" OR ADHD OR "post traumatic stress disorder" OR PTSD OR eating NEAR/1 disorder* OR anorexi* OR bulimi* OR "binge eating disorder" OR BED OR "panic attack*" OR "panic disorder" OR phobi* Reference lists of included studies and relevant systematic reviews were also screened to retrieve further articles.

S2: Data items

Data extraction sheet headings:

- Author(s), year and title
- Country and setting
- Study design
- Participants and sample size
- Intervention/exposure (including dose and duration)
- Control/comparator
- Outcome(s)
- Measurement of outcome(s)
- Key findings
- Funder
- Target group
- Smoking definition
- Mental health definition/measurement
- Recruitment methods
- Data collection dates and methods
- Additional information

S3: EPHPP tool risk of bias assessment independent reviewer ratings

	Select	ion bias	Study	design	Confo	unders	Blin	ding	Data co meth		Withdrav drop		Globa	l rating
Reviewer	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ
Davis 2017	/	/	/	/	+	+	-	-	-	-	1	/	-	-
Davis 2018	+	+	-	/	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
McAfee 2017	-	-	+	-	1	+	-	-	1	-	?	-	-	-
Neff 2016	/	1	/	/	+	+	-	-	1	-	1	-	/	-
Nonnemaker 2014	/	1	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	?	?	-	-
Prochaska 2018	/	1	/	/	+	+	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Thornton 2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	?	?	-	-
Thornton 2013	-	1	-	-	1	/	-	-	+	+	?	?	-	-

^{+:} low risk of bias; /: moderate risk of bias; -: high risk of bias; ?: not applicable

S4: EPHPP tool risk of bias assessment consensus ratings

	Selection bias	Study design	Confounders	Blinding	Data collection methods	Withdrawals and dropouts	Global rating
Davis 2017	/	/	+	-	-	1	-
Davis 2018	+	-	+	-	-	-	-
McAfee 2017	-	+	+	-	/	?	-
Neff 2016	/	/	+	-	1	/	/
Nonnemaker 2014	/	-	+	-	-	?	-
Prochaska 2018	/	/	+	-	/	-	-
Thornton 2011	-	-	-	-	-	?	-
Thornton 2013	-	-	/	-	+	?	-

^{+:} low risk of bias; /: moderate risk of bias; -: high risk of bias; ?: not applicable

S5: CASP Checklist appraisal tool independent reviewer ratings

		ment of ms	Appro metho	•	Appro des	•	Appro recruit strat	ment	Appropri collec		Considera researc partici relation	her & pant	Consider ethical		Rigoroı anal		Statem findi	
Reviewer	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	ВТ	PPH	вт
Thornton 2011	+	+	+	+	+	+	?	+	?	+	-	?	-	?	?	+	+	+

+: yes; -: no; ?: can't tell

S6: CASP Checklist appraisal tool consensus ratings

	Statement of aims	Appropriate methodology	Appropriate design	Appropriate recruitment strategy	Appropriate data collection	Consideration of researcher & participant relationship	Consideration of ethical issues	Rigorous data analysis	Statement of findings
Thornton 2011	+	+	+	?	?	?	?	+	+

+: yes; -: no; ?: can't tell

S7: Reasons for exclusion (based on full-text screen)

	Author woon	Reason for exclusion
	Author, year	
1	Baggett et al, 2019	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
2	Bowden et al, 2011	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages & outcomes were not relevant
3	Campbell et al, 2016	Psychiatric comorbidity was not assessed
4	Coletti et al, 2015	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
5	Filia et al, 2014a	Outcomes were not relevant
6	Filia et al, 2014b	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
7	Kruse et al, 2019	Participants did not have a history of mental ill-health & were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
8	Kruse et al, 2020	Participants did not have a history of mental ill-health & were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
9	Latha et al, 2020	Outcomes were not relevant
10	Rodevand et al, 2019	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages
11	Sharma et al, 2016	There were no human participants (this was an analysis of the quality & quantity of quit-smoking YouTube videos) & outcomes were not relevant
12	Sharma-Kumar et al, 2018	Participants were not exposed to mass media campaign health messages

S8: Results from the included studies organised by reported outcomes and length of follow-up $\!\!\!\!\!\!^*$

Author, year	Quit attempts (QA, ≥1 attempt lasting ≥24 hours)	Ad recall/ad exposure	Intentions to quit (ITQ)	Perceived effectiveness (PE)	Risk of bias
Neff et al, 2016 ²⁶	Past 3 months Pre-post change in QAs With MH condition (n=2,536) OR 0.98, 95% CI: 0.77-1.26, P=0.91 Without MH condition (n=5,199) OR 1.24, 95% CI: 1.04-1.49, P=0.02	N/A	Next 30 days Pre-post change in ITQ With MH condition (n=2,349) OR 1.09, 95% CI: 0.78-1.52 , P=0.61 Without MH condition (n=4,783) OR 1.41, 95% CI: 0.96-2.05, P=0.08	N/A	Mod
			Next 6 months Pre-post change in ITQ With MH condition (n=2,349) OR 1.10, 95% CI: 0.83-1.46, P=0.51 Without MH condition (n=4,783) OR 1.38, 95% CI: 1.06-1.80, P=0.02		
Davis et al, 2017 ²⁴	Past 3 months Association between baseline PE & QA With (n=2,214) vs without (n is missing) MH condition OR 1.06, 95% CI: 0.86-1.32	N/A	N/A	Level of PE With (n=2,214) vs without (n is missing) MH condition b=0.12, 95% CI: 0.07-0.17, p<0.01	High
Davis et al, 2018 ²⁵	Past 3 months Association between GRPs & QAs Overall sample (associations by MH status not reported; n=22,965 observations) AOR 1.23 (1.11-1.36), p<0.001	N/A	Next 30 days Association between GRPs & ITQ Overall sample (associations by MH status not reported; n=22,271 observations) AOR 1.17 (1.02-1.36), p=0.030	N/A	High
	Interaction between GRPs & MH status for QAs No sig interaction		Interaction between GRPs & MH status for ITQ No sig interaction		
Prochaska et al, 2018 ²⁷	Past 6 months At follow up With vs without MH condition 51.1.% vs 43.7%, p<0.05 Association between increased exposure to	Reported seeing ≥1 Tips ad With vs without MH condition 84% vs 79.8% Reported seeing mental health specific ad	Next 30 days At follow up With vs without MH condition 12.2% vs 10.6%, p=0.530 Association between increased exposure	N/A	High
	mental health specific ad & QA With MH condition (n=772) AOR 1.25, 95% CI: 1.03-1.52, p<0.05 Without MH condition (n=1804)	With vs without MH condition 53.4% vs 48.3% Reported seeing ≥1 non mental health specific ad	to mental health specific ad & ITQ With MH condition (n=694) AOR 1.40, 95% CI: 1.04-1.90, p<0.05 Without MH condition (n=1670)		

Author, year	Quit attempts (QA, ≥1 attempt lasting ≥24 hours)	Ad recall/ad exposure	Intentions to quit (ITQ)	Perceived effectiveness (PE)	Risk of bias
	AOR 0.97, 95% CI: 0.83-1.14, p=0.737	With vs without MH condition	AOR 1.17, 95% CI: 0.93-1.46, p=0.174		
	Association between increased exposure to non-mental health specific ads & QA With MH condition (n=775) AOR 1.09, 95% CI: 0.88-1.35, p=0.43 Without MH condition (n=1805) AOR 1.19, 95% CI: 1.02-1.40, p<0.05	82.5% vs 78.7%	Association between increased exposure to non-mental health specific ads & ITQ With MH condition (n=695) AOR 1.22, 95% CI: 0.91-1.64, p=0.188 Without MH condition (n=1671) AOR 1.14, 95% CI: 0.92-1.42, p=0.238		
McAfee et al, 2017 ²⁸	Since campaign launch (up to past 6 months & 27 days) QAs in standard dose market (761 National GRPS) With vs without MH condition 42.5% vs 32.0%; p<0.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	High
	QAs in higher dose market (758 National GRPS + 1,724 local GRPs) vs standard dose market (761 National GRPs) With MH condition 39.5% vs 42.5%, p=0.797; AOR 0.93, p=0.689 Without MH condition 38.5% vs 32.0%, p=0.008; AOR 1.37, p=0.003				
Nonnemaker et al, 2014 ²⁹	Past 12 months At follow up With vs without MH condition 57.7% vs 53.1%	N/A	N/A	N/A	High
	Association between confirmed ad recall & QA With MH condition (n=1,800) OR 1.07, 95% CI: 0.75-1.53 Without MH condition (n=6,021) OR 1.46, 95% CI: 1.17-1.82, p<0.001				
	Association between confirmed recall of graphic/emotional ads & QA With MH condition (n=1,772) OR 1.12, 95% CI: 0.77-1.64 Without MH condition (n=5,919) OR 1.54, 95% CI: 1.21-1.95, p<0.001				

Author, year	Quit attempts (QA, ≥1 attempt lasting ≥24 hours)	Ad recall/ad exposure	Intentions to quit (ITQ)	Perceived effectiveness (PE)	Risk of bias
	Association between past year GRPs & QA With MH condition (n=2,019) OR 1.13, 95% CI: 0.87-1.46 Without MH condition (n=6,758) OR 1.33, 95% CI: 1.16-1.53, p<0.001				
	Association between past year graphic/emotional ad GRPs & QA With MH condition (n=2,019) OR 1.27, 95% CI: 0.89-1.82 Without MH condition (n=6,758) OR 1.49, 95% CI: 1.24-1.79, p<0.001				
	Association between past year comparison ad GRPs & QA With MH condition (n=2,019) OR 0.9, 95% CI: 0.62-1.30 Without MH condition (n=6,758) OR 1.1, 95% CI: 0.89-1.36				
Thornton et al, 2013 ³⁰	N/A	Recall ≥1 tobacco campaign With vs without psychotic disorder 96.3% vs 96.9%	N/A	Perceived campaigns regarding tobacco use to be effective With vs without psychotic disorder 55.8% vs 44.7%, p<0.05	High
Thornton et al, 2011 ³¹ Quantitative data	N/A	(All participants had a psychotic disorder) Had seen, read or heard a public health campaign regarding tobacco 93.2% (n=82/88)	N/A	N/A	High
		Exposure of current & past smokers, & non-smokers No sig differences (missing data)			
Qualitative data	N/A	N/A	N/A	See Table 2	

Data in bold type indicates significance.

Ad(s): advertisement(s); GRPs: gross rating points; ITQ: intention(s) to quit; MH: mental health; mod: moderate; PE: perceived effectiveness; QA: quit attempt(s); sig: significant

^{*}See Table 2 for results for the outcome "knowledge"