Supplementary Materials (Online Appendix 1)

Index to Supplementary Materials

Tables and		Page
Figures		1 466
A1	Percentage of People that Endorse a Specific Conspiracy Theory per Country	2
A2	Number of Specific Conspiracy Theory Statements that People Believe in	3
	Expressed in Percentages per Country	
A3	Trust in Public Figures Scale (All Countries Combined)	3
F1	Scree Plots Common Factor Analyses (Table 2 Manuscript)	4
A4	Overview Communalities Specific Conspiracy Theory Items People Believe In	7
F2	Frequency Distribution Conspiracy Thinking Per Country	7
A5	Distribution Dependent Variable Conspiracy Thinking Per Country	8
A6	Estimation Intraclass Correlation Coefficient	8
A7	Robustness Test Findings Using a Larger Sample	9
A8	Jackknife Sample Sensitivity Analysis For Including/Excluding Specific	11
	Countries	
F3	Visual representation Table A6	13
A9	Explaining Remaining Variance with Country-Level and Cross-Level	18
	Predictors	
F4	Scree Plots Robustness Test Item Selection	19

Item		France	Sweden	Germany	Great	Italy	Portugal	Poland	Hungary	United
					Britain					States
А	Even though we live in what's called a democracy a	49.9	31.4	39.1	44.6	49.2	65.8	46.0	60.4	38.3
	few people will always run things in this country									
	anyway.									
В	Secret plots that harm the nation are more common	8.6	3.2	5.4	6.6	13.5	19.2	24.0	8.3	14.9
	in this country than in other countries.									
С	Humans have made contact with aliens and this fact	8.2	4.6	4.6	8.5	13.6	10.1	8.6	15.3	14.1
	has been deliberately hidden from the public.									
D	The AIDS virus was created and spread around the	13.3	2.1	5.1	3.6	7.5	8.1	7.3	8.9	8.3
	world on purpose by a secret group or organisation.									
E	Regardless of who is officially in charge of	20.0	12.1	18.6	13.6	28.9	41.9	28.9	25.2	17.2
	governments and other organisations, there is a									
	single group of people who secretly control events									
	and rule the world together.									
F	The idea of man-made global warming is a hoax that	7.3	8.8	7.6	6.6	6.4	4.0	11.1	8.3	18.1
	was invented to deceive people.									
G	The government is deliberately hiding the truth about	34.4	29.4	34.7	29.6	19.7	12.8	20.9	48.4	22.2
	how many immigrants really live in this country.									
Н	The truth about the harmful effects of vaccines is	27.9	13.0	17.1	9.7	13.6	10.3	14.8	22.6	15.5
	being deliberately hidden from the public.									
I	Muslim immigration to this country is part of a bigger	20.1	24.1	20.0	17.7	17.4	9.5	18.9	19.8	16.0
	plan to make Muslims a majority of this country's									
	population.									
J	The official account of the Nazi Holocaust is a lie and	3.9	3.5	NA	1.5	5.0	2.7	5.5	8.6	3.3
	the number of Jews killed by the Nazis during World									
	War II has been exaggerated on purpose.									

 Table A1: Percentage of People that Endorse a Specific Conspiracy Theory per Country

Note: N=11.523 NA=Not Available. These are unweighted scores.

Country	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
France	26.0	24.2	16.3	13.6	10.4	5.1	2.6	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Sweden	47.7	17.9	11.4	10.8	6.6	2.4	2.1	0.8	0.3	0	0
Germany	35.1	24.2	16.3	12.6	5.9	3.1	1.7	0.7	0.3	0.1	0
Great	40.2	23.6	12.9	11.1	6.3	3.0	1.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	0
Britain											
Italy	27.6	28.2	15.9	13.7	7.7	2.5	2.3	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.3
Portugal	20.4	27.0	23.4	15.9	7.6	3.0	2.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1
Poland	27.6	24.0	17.6	13.4	8.4	4.2	2.3	1.3	0.9	0.1	0.1
Hungary	15.1	23.6	23.3	17.9	9.0	5.5	3.2	1.1	0.6	0.4	0.3
United	35.5	23.6	13.2	11.4	6.7	5.3	2.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.2
States											

 Table A2: Number of Specific Conspiracy Theory Statements that People Believe in Expressed in

 Percentages per Country

Note: N=11.523 Please note that within Germany for legal reasons survey item J was not asked and thus the scores for Germany are based on respondents' belief in 9 conspiracy theories. These are unweighted scores.

Table A3: Trust in Public Figures Scale	(All Countries Combined)
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	Individual Items										
Items	Labels	Reverse	Mean	Hi	Z	Double					
		Coded				Monotonous					
1	Senior of officials of the	Y	1.99	.45644	91.1433	Y					
	European Union										
2	Senior officials of the US	Y	1.77	.51102	97.2831	Y					
	government										
3	Government ministers in	Y	1.91	.50460	100.4378	Y					
	my country										
4	Religious leaders	Y	1.93	.40925	81.7559	Y					
5	Military leaders in my	Y	2.51	.52088	98.4868	Y					
	country										
6	People who run large	Y	2.07	.50334	98.2410	Y					
	companies										
	Scale										
H and Z				.48281	163.4078						
Rho	0.82										

Note: List-wise deletion of missing cases, N=9603. Method: Mokken Scale Analysis (Mokken 1971).



Figure 1 Scree Plots Common Factor Analyses (Table 2 Manuscript)



Italy Great Britain Scree Plot Scree Plot Eigenvalue Eigenvalue Factor Number Factor Number



Country	Α	В	С	D	E	F	н	I
Sweden	.501	.504	.434	.630	.550	.529	.447	.628
France	.328	.302	.338	.418	.381	.386	.399	.360
Germany	.267	.193	.370	.440	.460	.352	.356	.417
Portugal	.303	.247	.291	.405	.421	.448	.275	.395
Poland	.189	.236	.301	.525	.420	.341	.348	.363
Great Britain	.339	.385	.399	.521	.508	.497	.399	.423
Italy	.266	.266	.396	.578	.382	.313	.471	.384
Hungary	.211	.315	.347	.561	.446	.299	.333	.275
United States	.347	.434	.310	.437	.462	.583	.438	.636
All	.258	.251	.311	.469	.411	.357	.352	.356

Table A4: Overview Communalities Specific Conspiracy Theory Items People Believe In

Note: Method: Common Factor Analysis extracting one factor using tetrachoric correlations. See for construction tetrachoric correlation matrix Lorenzo-Seva and Ferrando, 2012. Extraction Method Unweighted Least Squares. Communality scores should be interpreted as the extent to which individual variation in responses to that item can be understood as emanating from generic conspiracy thinking.





7

	Mean	Std. Dev.	Skewness	Kurtosis
Sweden	.709	.987	1.490	4.718
France	.941	.934	1.089	4.000
Germany	.679	.811	1.478	5.321
Portugal	.970	.805	.866	3.826
Poland	.644	.694	1.354	5.001
Great Britain	.694	.866	1.553	5.517
Italy	.881	.934	1.421	5.315
Hungary	.732	.694	1.413	5.489
United States	.942	1.086	1.338	4.669

Table A5: Distribution Dependent Variable Conspiracy Thinking Per Country

Table A6: Estimation Intraclass Correlation Coefficient

	Model 1
Sweden	290 **
	(.047)
France	080
	(.047)
Germany	307**
	(.039)
Portugal	040
	(.044)
Poland	386**
	(.045)
Great Britain	305**
	(.074)
Italy	155**
	(.044)
Hungary	282**
	(.045)
Constant	1.064**
	(.032)
Adjusted R2	.020
AIC	17937.040

Note: N=6926 Method is Fixed effects OLS regression* significant at 0.05 **significant at 0.01. United States is the baseline in the model. R² equals the interclass correlation coefficient

This table is similar to Table 2 in the manuscript, with exception that the variables Newspapers, Nonassociated Website/Blog and Social Media are not included. The variables Newspapers, Nonassociated Website/Blog and Social Media contain the most missing values. Similar results are found when the model is run on a larger sample, namely 8168 instead of 6926 observations.

	Model 1	Model 2	Model 3	Model 4
Individual Characteristics				
Male	.092**	.089**	.093**	.047
	(.020)	(.019)	(.019)	
Unemployed	.042°	.035	.049*	.024
	(.022)	(.021)	(.022)	
Unmarried	013	021	026	013
	(.021)	(.020)	(.020)	
Secondary	051	034	024	011
	(.043)	(.041)	(.041)	
Tertiary	173**	137**	121**	059
	(.043)	(.041)	(.041)	
Between 25-35	.071	.015	.028	.010
	(.044)	(.042)	(.042)	
Between 35-45	.144**	.070°	.081°	.030
	(.044)	(.042)	(.042)	
Between 45-55	.154**	.076°	.078°	.030
	(.044)	(.042)	(.042)	
Over 55	.145**	.079**	.076*	.038
	(.040)	(.038)	(.038)	
Ideological Extremity		.055*	.048*	.021
		(.023)	(.024)	
		.086**	.092**	.039
Centre		(.025)	(.025)	
		.298**	.307**	.142
Right-wing		(.023)	(.023)	
		.269**	.257**	.111
Magical Thinking		(.022)	(.023)	
		037**	038**	137
Trust in Public Figures		(.003)	(.003)	
		.224**	.221**	.106
Political System Rejection		(.021)	(.021)	
		.088**	.091**	.046
Feeling Represented in Parliament		(.021)	(.021)	
		.086**	.091**	.039
Economic Insecurity		(.023)	(.022)	
Sweden			235**	063
			(.046)	
France			109*	029
			(.048)	
Germany			263**	102
			(.038)	
Portugal			034	010
			(.045)	

Poland			417**	121
			(.043)	
Great Britain			243**	092
			(.039)	
Italy			175**	052
			(.044)	
Hungary			362**	108
			(.043)	
Constant	.788**	.927**	1.136**	
	(.058)	(.069)	(.079)	
Adjusted R2	.011	.100	.120	
AIC	21250.218	20492.939	20335.714	

Note: N=8168. Method is Fixed Effects OLS Regression Models. Table displays for model 1 to 3 unstandardized regression coefficients. The standard errors are in parentheses. ° significant at 0.10. *significant at 0.05. **significant at 0.01. For age under 24 is the reference category. For education primary is the reference category. For ideological position leftwing is the reference category. For the country dummies the United States is the reference category. Model 4 displays the x-standardized regression coefficients of Model 3, which means the x-variables expressed in standard deviations and the y-variable in its original units. X-standardized

10

regression coefficients show the relative importance of the independent variables.

Table A8: Jackknife Sample Sensitivity Analysis For Including/Excluding Specific Countries

To test to what extent the findings presented are sensitive to the inclusion or exclusion of countries in our statistical analysis, we conducted a jackknife procedure. The figures displayed are based on the models presented in this table. The graphs display for each variable the coefficients and confidence intervals when one country is excluded from the analysis. These figures demonstrate that the estimated coefficients for the nine countries are not significantly different between each other at alpha is 0.05. Consequently, we are able to conclude that the findings presented are robust and not driven by a particular country.

	All	Without	Without	Without	Without	Without	Without	Without	Without	Without
	countries	Sweden	France	Germany	Portugal	Poland	Great	Italy	Hungary	United
	(Model 3)						Britain			States
Individual										
Characteristics										
Male	.092**	.093**	.104**	.093**	.085**	.091**	.090**	.100**	.101**	.079**
	(.021)	(.021)	(.021)	(.024)	(.022)	(.022)	(.021)	(.022)	(.022)	(.021)
Unemployed	.051*	.047°	.057*	.043	.049°	.066*	.044°	.057*	.053*	.042°
	(.024)	(.025)	(.024)	(.028)	(.026)	(.026)	(.024)	(.026)	(.026)	(.025)
Unmarried	033	031	034	042	040°	035	032	030	034	022
	(.021)	(.022)	(.022)	(.025)	(.023)	(.023)	(.022)	(.022)	(.023)	(.022)
Secondary	.014	040	.031	017	.027	.024	.030	.025	.022	.009
	(.046)	(.053)	(.048)	(.051)	(.048)	(.048)	(.046)	(.051)	(.048)	(.046)
Tertiary	075	121	051*	128	064	071	058	071	059	062
	(.046)	(.053)	(.047)	(.051)	(.048)	(.048)	(.046)	(.051)	(.048)	(.046)
Between 25-35	.011	.021	003	004	.003	004	.017	.026	.040	003
	(.045)	(.046)	(.046)	(.051)	(.049)	(.048)	(.045)	(.047)	(.049)	(.046)
Between 35-45	.074	.081°	.068	.062	.075	.070	.078	.065°	.118*	.047
	(.044)	(.046)	(.046)	(.051)	(.048)	(.048)	(.045)	(.047)	(.049)	(.046)
Between 45-55	.079°	.096*	.084°	.082	.073	.081°	.084	.064*	.106*	.045
	(.044)	(.046)	(.046)	(.051)	(.048)	(.048)	(.045)	(.047)	(.048)	(.046)
Over 55	.102**	.110**	.093*	.085	.084°	.107*	.116*	.099*	.140**	.079°
	(.041)	(.042)	(.042)	(.047)	(.044)	(.044)	(.041)	(.043)	(.045)	(.042)
Ideological	.047°	.055*	.029	.054*	.048°	.048°	.043°	.062*	.039	.043°
Extremity	(.025)	(.026)	(.026)	(.028)	(.027)	(.027)	(.025)	(.027)	(.027)	(.026)

	.084**	.073**	.075**	.091**	.088**	.106**	.083**	.088**	.068*	.087**
Centre	(.027)	(.027)	(.028)	(.032)	(.028)	(.029)	(.027)	(.028)	(.029)	(.027)
	.310**	.304**	.315**	.310**	.341**	.337**	.311**	.285**	.320**	.259**
Right-wing	(.025)	(.026)	(.025)	(.028)	(.026)	(.026)	(.025)	(.026)	(.026)	(.025)
Magical	.255**	.251**	.240**	.251**	.268**	.276**	.248**	.256**	.276**	.224**
Thinking	(.025)	(.024)	(.025)	(.028)	(.026)	(.026)	(.024)	(.025)	(.026)	(.025)
Trust in Public	036**	033**	035**	043**	036**	038**	036**	034**	036**	035**
Figures	(.003)	(.003)	(.003)	(.004)	(.003)	(.003)	(.003)	(.003)	(.003)	(.003)
Political System	.227**	.205**	.230**	.196**	.227**	.230**	.224**	.238**	.251**	.244**
Rejection	(.023)	(.024)	(.024)	(.026)	(.024)	(.025)	(.023)	(.024)	(.025)	(.023)
Feeling										
Represented in	.069**	.068**	.059*	.020	.063*	.080**	.070**	.114**	.085**	.085**
Parliament	(.024)	(.024)	(.024)	(.027)	(.025)	(.025)	(.024)	(.025)	(.025)	(.024)
Economic	.086**	.050*	.075**	.083**	.094**	.094**	.078**	.104**	.102**	.099**
Insecurity	(.024)	(.025)	(.026)	(.028)	(.026)	(.026)	(.025)	(.026)	(.026)	(.025)
	078**	065**	094**	061*	115**	088**	077**	062**	085**	046*
Newspapers	(.021)	(.022)	(.022)	(.025)	(.023)	(.023)	(.022)	(.023)	(.023)	(.022)
Non-associated	.091**	.075**	.094**	.112**	.088**	.104**	.093**	.076**	.092**	.085**
website/blog	(.020)	(.023)	(.023)	(.025)	(.024)	(.024)	(.022)	(.023)	(.024)	(.023)
	.117**	.109**	.111**	.103**	.118**	.130**	.120**	.112**	.130**	.117**
Social Media	(.021)	(.022)	(.022)	(.024)	(.023)	(.023)	(.021)	(.022)	(.023)	(.022)
Sweden	231**		235**	238**	222**	220**	236**	230**	227**	
	(.047)		(.046)	(.048)	(.047)	(.048)	(.046)	(.046)	(.048)	
France	079	067		095°	075	069	082	081°	076	.146**
	(.048)	(.048)		(.050)	(.049)	(.049)	(.048)	(.048)	(.049)	(.048)
Germany	231**	230**	236**		225**	222**	233**	224**	222**	.000
	(.038)	(.038)	(.038)		(.039)	(.039)	(.038)	(.038)	(.039)	(.040)
Portugal	035	029	035	058		025	037	028	032	.192**
	(.043)	(.044)	(.044)	(.045)		(.045)	(.044)	(.044)	(.045)	(.044)
Poland	420**	411**	417**	430**	414**		421**	420**	422**	188**
	(.043)	(.043)	(.043)	(.044)	(.044)		(.043)	(.043)	(.044)	(.045)
Great Britain	305**	290**	300**	328**	287**	299**		307**	304**	090

	(.072)	(.072)	(.072)	(.074)	(.073)	(.074)		(.071)	(.074)	(.071)
Italy	176**	173**	176**	210**	173**	169**	176**		172**	.065
	(.044)	(.044)	(.044)	(.046)	(.045)	(.046)	(.044)		(.046)	(.045)
Hungary	360**	348**	354**	373**	353**	359**	360**	359**		130**
	(.044)	(.043)	(.043)	(.045)	(.044)	(.044)	(.043)	(.043)		(.044)
Constant	1.023**	1.040**	1.014**	1.208**	1.041**	.999**	1.006**	.951**	.948**	.790**
	(.086)	(.091)	(.089)	(.097)	(.091)	(.091)	(.087)	(.091)	(.091)	(.091)
Adjusted R2	.126	.114	.123	.120	.129	.135	.126	.136	.137	.120
AIC	17163.948	15444.645	15535.352	13608.038	15231.377	15489.636	16708.433	15013.409	15399.779	14827.799
N	6926	6281	6296	5410	6100	6166	6752	6123	6126	6154

Note: Method is Fixed Effects OLS Regression Models. Table displays unstandardized regression coefficients. The standard errors are in parentheses. ° significant at 0.10. *significant at 0.05. **significant at 0.01. For age under 24 is the reference category. For education primary is the reference category. For ideological position leftwing is the reference category. For the country dummies United States is the reference category, with exception of the last model where Sweden is the reference category.









	Model A		Model B		Model C
Economic	.029**	Gross	.000**	Proportional	056
Inequality	(.003)	Domestic	(.000)	Representation	(.030)
		Product per			
		capita			
Economic	.000	Gross	.000	Proportional	.036
Inequality *	(.000)	Domestic	(.000)	Representation	(.036)
Economic		Product per		* Feeling	
Insecurity		capita *		Represented in	
		Economic		Parliament	
		Insecurity			
Constant	960**	Constant	166**	Constant	.012
	(.096)		(.025)		(.012)
Adjusted R2	.015	Adjusted R2	.007	Adjusted R2	.000
	Model D		Model E		Model F
Proportional	071**	Quality of	.057**	Quality of	.059**
Representation	(.026)	Democracy	(.012)	Democracy	(.012)
Proportional	.089*	Quality of	.002	Quality of	.004
Representation	(.036)	Democracy *	(.003)	Democracy	(.003)
* Political		Feeling		*Feeling	
System		Represented		Represented in	
Rejection		in Parliament		Parliament	
Constant	.012	Constant	460**	Constant	475**
	(.012)		(.096)		(.097)
Adjusted R2	.000	Adjusted R2	.003	Adjusted R2	.003

Table A9: Explaining Remaining Variance with Country-Level and Cross-Level Predictors

Note: N=6792 Method is OLS regression. The dependent variable in this model are the residuals of Model 2 of Table 2 in the article. We refrain from adding the country-level and cross-level predictors to Model 2 as multicollinearity generates non convergence of estimation process. *significant at 0.05 **significant at 0.01.



Figure 4: Scree Plots Robustness Test Item Selection (Common Factor Analyses Jackknifing Items)





References:

Mokken, RJ (1971) A theory and procedure of scale analysis. The Hague: Mouton.

Lorenzo-Seva, U and Ferrando, PJ (2012) TETRA-COM: A comprehensive SPSS program for estimating the tetrachoric correlation, *Behav Res* 44: 1191–1196

Van der Eijk, C and Rose, J (2015) Risky Business: Factor Analysis of Survey Data – Assessing the Probability of Incorrect Dimensionalisation, *PLoS One* 10(3): e0118900.Supplementary Materials (Online Appendix 2)

Supplementary Materials (Online Appendix 2)

Questionnaire

-age_grp_all. Age
-gender_all. Gender
-political_position_all. Issues - Political position
-working_all. Working Status
-marital_all. Marital Status
-people_all. Household size
-children_all. Children in Household

-education_all. Highest level of Education

[Q1] {grid roworder=randomize} How much, if at all, do you trust the following to tell the truth? (Please select one option on each row)

- -[Q1_1] Journalists
- -[Q1_2] Trade union leaders
- -[Q1_3] Academics
- -[Q1_4] People you meet in general
- -[Q1_5] Friends
- -[Q1_6] Family members
- <1> A great deal
- <2> A fair amount
- <3> Not much
- <4> Not at all
- <977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q2] {grid roworder=randomize} Again, how much, if at all, do you trust the following to tell the truth? (Please select one option on each row)

- -[Q2_1] Senior officials of the European Union
- -[Q2_2] Senior officials of the US government

- -[Q2_3] Government ministers in my country
- -[Q2_4] Religious leaders
- -[Q2_5] Military leaders in my country
- -[Q2_6] People who run large companies
- <1> A great deal
- <2> A fair amount
- <3> Not much
- <4> Not at all
- <977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q3] {multiple order=randomize} In the past 5 years, have you been a member of any of the following voluntary organisations? (Please select all that apply)

- <1> Church or religious organisation
- <2> Art, music or cultural organisation
- <3> Political party
- <4> Environmental organisation
- <5> Organisation providing assistance to people
- <6> Sports club or hobby group
- <966 xor fixed> None of these
- <977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q4] {single} Some people believe that what happens in their life is decided by a "higher force", such as God, fate or destiny, while other people don't believe this.<
>>Thinking about your own life, which one of the following statements comes closest to your view?

<1> Everything that happens in my life is caused by a "higher force", such as God, fate or destiny <2> Most of what happens in my life is caused by a "higher force", such as God, fate or destiny <3> Some of what happens in my life is caused by a "higher force", such as God, fate or destiny <4> None of what happens in my life is caused by a "higher force", such as God, fate or destiny <966 xor fixed> None of these <977 xor fixed> Don't know [Q5] {single order=reverse} Thinking about the next 12 months, would you say you generally feel optimistic or pessimistic about your own financial situation?

<1> Very optimistic

<2> Fairly optimistic

<3> Neither optimistic nor pessimistic

<4> Fairly pessimistic

<5> Very pessimistic

<977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q6] {single} Thinking in general about the role of government and private companies in this country's economy, which one of the following statements comes closest to your view?

<1> The Government interferes too much in business and should give companies more freedom to operate as they see best

<2> The Government doesn't do enough to regulate business and should set stricter rules on how companies are allowed to operate

<3> The current amount of regulation of business by the Government in this country is about right

<977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q7] {single} Putting aside your own party preferences or views on the current government, do you think that, in general, the Parliament in this country does a good job or a bad job of representing the interests of people like you?

<1> Very good job

<2> Fairly good job

<3> Neither good nor bad job

<4> Fairly bad job

<5> Very bad job

<977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q8] {single} How democratic or undemocratic would you say this country is, on a scale of 0 to 10, where 0 means 'completely undemocratic' and 10 means 'completely democratic'?

<1>0 - completely undemocratic

<2>1

<3> 2

<4> 3 <5> 4 <6> 5 <7> 6 <8> 7 <9> 8 <10> 9 <11> 10 - completely democratic <977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Q9] {single} Thinking about how the political system currently works in this country, which one of the following statements best reflects your view?

<1> The system works fairly well and doesn't need more than minor reforms

<2> The system works badly but if we elected the right people, they could put things right

<3> The system is broken and it would take a total change of system to put things right

<966 xor fixed> None of these

<977 xor fixed> Don't know

[Cam_news_general] {multiple order=randomize} Which if any of the following do you tend to use **at least 2-3 times per month** to access news? Please select all that apply.

<1> A printed copy of a newspaper

<2> A newspaper website

<3> A news website or blog not associated with a newspaper

<4> Email newsletters or RSS feeds

<5> Social media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter, Youtube)

<6> Television

<7> Radio

<8> Magazines

<9> Podcasts

<10 fixed> Other

<97 fixed xor> Not applicable – I don't use any of these at least 2-3 times a month to access news

<96 fixed xor> Don't know

[Cam_news_soma if 5 in Cam_news_general] {multiple order=randomize} And which if any of the following social media platforms do you use in particular to access news? Please select all that apply.

<1> Facebook

<2> Twitter

<3> Youtube

<4> Instagram

<5> Tumblr

<6> Snapchat

<7> LinkedIn

<8> Reddit

<9> 4chan

<10> Discord

<11> Gab

<12 fixed> Other

<96 fixed xor> Don't know

[Cam_theories] {multiple order=randomize} Which, if any, of the following statements would you say are true? (Please select all that apply)

<1> Even though we live in what's called a democracy, a few people will always run things in this country anyway

<2> Secret plots that harm the nation are more common in this country than in other countries

<3> Humans have made contact with aliens and this fact has been deliberately hidden from the public

<4> The AIDS virus was created and spread around the world on purpose by a secret group or organisation

<5> Regardless of who is officially in charge of governments and other organisations, there is a single group of people who secretly control events and rule the world together

<6> The official account of the Nazi Holocaust is a lie and the number of Jews killed by the Nazis during World War II has been exaggerated on purpose

<7> The idea of man-made global warming is a hoax that was invented to deceive people

<8> The Government is deliberately hiding the truth about how many immigrants really live in this country

<9> The truth about the harmful effects of vaccines is being deliberately hidden from the public

<10> Muslim immigration to this country is part of a bigger plan to make Muslims a majority of this country's population

<11 xor fixed> None of these is true