# **Defining Decent Work**

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Image included is called 'California' (Maxine Albro) taken by the author on a trip to the Coit Tower (San Francisco CA) in May 2023, painted as part of the New Deal's Federal Art Project.

**Decent Work** is noted in the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) as one of the core goals to be achieved by 2030. <u>SDG 8</u> outlines how working conditions should promote productive work activities, innovation in business, and the creation of decent jobs. Decent work in this case is also viewed as the antithesis of forced labour, which the goal also seeks to eradicate.1 It is stated by the International Labour Organization (ILO) that "decent work is the foundation" for sustainable development and addressing complex interactions between work and other SDG goals.2

Linked to the opportunities people have in their working lives, decent work is described by the ILO as work "that is productive and delivers a fair income" has "security... and social protection", includes opportunities for "personal development and social integration, freedom for people to express their concerns, organize and participate in decisions that affect their lives and equality of opportunity... for all".3

Overall, the Decent Work Agenda4 has four main focuses:

- Addressing international labour standards and the fundamental principles and rights at work5
- The creation of employment opportunities
- · Access and enhancement of social protections; and
- Engaging in social dialogues

Understanding the extent to which decent work can be achieved requires indicators for measurement which the ILO has developed.4 The following graphic is adapted from these indicators to define the **core aspects of decent work**.

#### **Employment opportunities**

People have access to a choice of work without facing discrimination based on personal characteristics.

#### Adequate earnings and productive work

Includes access to minimum living wage and fair remuneration for all workers; grievance mechanisms should be included.

#### **Decent working time**

Working periods that allow for adequate breaks, rest, and provide annual leave that is compensated.

#### Combining work, family and personal life

Workers are able to leave work (annual leave, parental leave) and not face antisocial or unusual working hours or demands.



#### Work that should be abolished

The elimination of all forms of forced labour, the worst forms of child labour and human trafficking faced by workers.



Workers are not subjected to precarious/informal work, and have guarantees of both working hours and pay.



## Equal opportunity and treatment

Ensuring those with protected characteristics (e.g., gender, race, sexual orientation) are treated with respect in the workplace.



Occupational Health and Safety standards are followed, reporting mechanisms are available for workers without penalty.



### Social security

Workers have access to benefits related to illness, parental status, injury, unemployment, retirement, or compassionate grounds.



Consultation related to working conditions (e.g., wages, policy) includes worker representation (e.g., through unions).



#### **Sources**

- 1.UN. (2015). Transforming our World: The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. United Nations, NY.
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- 3.ILO. (2024). Decent Work. Retrieved 26 September 2024.
- 4.ILO. (2013). Decent Work Indicators: Guidelines for Producers and Users of Statistical and Legal Framework Indicators. International Labour Organization, Geneva.
- 5. ILO. (1998, 2022). ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up. International Labour Organization, Geneva.

